

My King's Knight

Introduction

Sir Richard was a renowned English knight who fought valiantly in the Hundred Years' War. He was a close friend and trusted advisor to King Henry V, and played a key role in many of England's victories during the war.

Richard was born in 1367 to a noble family in Yorkshire. He was raised to be a warrior, and from a young age he showed great skill in the use of arms. He first saw combat at the age of 16, when he fought in the Battle of Shrewsbury. Richard quickly distinguished himself on the battlefield, and he soon became one of the most respected knights in the English army.

In 1415, Richard fought in the Battle of Agincourt, one of the most famous battles of the Hundred Years' War.

Richard was in command of the English right wing, and he played a key role in the English victory. He was knighted on the battlefield by King Henry V, and he was awarded a large sum of money for his bravery.

After the Battle of Agincourt, Richard continued to serve King Henry V loyally. He fought in many of the king's campaigns in France, and he helped to secure the English victory in the war. Richard was also a skilled diplomat, and he helped to negotiate the Treaty of Troyes, which ended the Hundred Years' War.

After the war, Richard returned to England a hero. He was granted a large estate by the king, and he was appointed to the Order of the Garter. Richard spent the rest of his life in peace and prosperity, and he died in 1437 at the age of 70.

Richard was one of the most famous and successful knights of the Hundred Years' War. He was a brave and skilled warrior, and he was a loyal friend and advisor to King Henry V. Richard's legacy lives on today, and he

is still remembered as one of the greatest knights in English history.

Richard's story is one of courage, loyalty, and triumph. He was a man who dedicated his life to serving his king and his country, and he achieved great things in his lifetime. Richard's story is an inspiration to us all, and it shows us that anything is possible if we set our minds to it.

Book Description

My King's Knight tells the story of Sir Richard, one of the most famous and successful knights of the Hundred Years' War. From his humble beginnings to his triumphant return from France, Richard's story is one of courage, loyalty, and triumph.

Richard was born into a noble family in Yorkshire in 1367. He was raised to be a warrior, and from a young age he showed great skill in the use of arms. He first saw combat at the age of 16, when he fought in the Battle of Shrewsbury.

Richard quickly distinguished himself on the battlefield, and he soon became one of the most respected knights in the English army. He fought in many of England's most famous battles, including the Battle of Agincourt, where he played a key role in the English victory.

After the war, Richard returned to England a hero. He was granted a large estate by the king, and he was appointed to the Order of the Garter. Richard spent the rest of his life in peace and prosperity, and he died in 1437 at the age of 70.

My King's Knight is more than just a biography of Sir Richard. It is also a fascinating look at the Hundred Years' War, one of the most important conflicts in English history. The book provides a detailed account of the war's major battles and campaigns, and it offers insights into the lives of the men and women who fought in it.

My King's Knight is a must-read for anyone interested in medieval history, military history, or the history of England. It is a well-written and engaging book that tells the story of one of the most remarkable knights in English history.

Chapter 1: The Young Knight

The Early Life of Sir Richard

Sir Richard was born in the year 1367 to a noble family in Yorkshire, England. His father, Sir John, was a renowned knight who had fought valiantly in the Hundred Years' War. Richard's mother, Lady Eleanor, was a kind and gentle woman who instilled in her son a deep love of God and country.

From a young age, Richard showed great promise as a warrior. He was strong and athletic, and he had a natural talent for handling weapons. Richard's father began training him in the art of combat at a young age, and Richard quickly mastered the basics of swordsmanship, archery, and horsemanship.

In addition to his martial training, Richard also received a well-rounded education. He learned to read and write, and he studied history, geography, and

Latin. Richard was a quick learner, and he soon became one of the most educated knights in England.

At the age of 16, Richard was old enough to squire for his father. He accompanied his father on campaign in France, and he saw firsthand the horrors of war. Richard's experiences during this time only strengthened his resolve to become a knight and to fight for what he believed in.

When Richard was 18 years old, he was knighted by King Henry IV. He was then granted his own lands and a small army of men. Richard quickly proved himself to be a skilled and courageous knight. He fought bravely in several battles, and he soon became one of the most respected knights in the English army.

Chapter 1: The Young Knight

Richard's Training and Education

Richard was born into a noble family in Yorkshire, England, in 1367. His father, Sir John Neville, was a renowned knight who fought in the Hundred Years' War. Richard was raised to be a warrior from a young age, and he received a rigorous education in the art of war.

Richard's education began at the age of seven, when he was sent to live with his uncle, the Earl of Westmoreland. The earl was a skilled military commander, and he taught Richard everything he knew about warfare. Richard learned how to ride a horse, wield a sword and lance, and fight in both mounted and dismounted combat.

In addition to his military training, Richard also received a well-rounded education in the liberal arts. He learned to read and write, and he studied history,

geography, and mathematics. Richard was also a skilled musician and poet.

At the age of 16, Richard was knighted by King Henry IV. He then joined his father's army and fought in the Battle of Shrewsbury. Richard distinguished himself on the battlefield, and he was soon recognized as one of the most promising young knights in England.

Richard continued to serve King Henry V loyally throughout his reign. He fought in many of the king's campaigns in France, and he helped to secure the English victory in the Hundred Years' War. Richard was also a skilled diplomat, and he helped to negotiate the Treaty of Troyes, which ended the war.

After the war, Richard returned to England a hero. He was granted a large estate by the king, and he was appointed to the Order of the Garter. Richard spent the rest of his life in peace and prosperity, and he died in 1437 at the age of 70.

Chapter 1: The Young Knight

Richard's First Battles

Richard's first battles were fought during the early stages of the Hundred Years' War. He was a young knight at the time, but he quickly made a name for himself as a skilled and courageous warrior.

One of Richard's first battles was the Battle of Crécy in 1346. Richard was part of the English army that defeated the French army in a decisive victory. Richard fought bravely in the battle, and he was knighted on the battlefield by King Edward III.

After the Battle of Crécy, Richard continued to serve in the English army. He fought in several other battles during the Hundred Years' War, including the Battle of Poitiers in 1356 and the Battle of Agincourt in 1415. Richard distinguished himself in each of these battles, and he became one of the most respected knights in the English army.

In addition to his military service, Richard was also a skilled diplomat. He was part of the English delegation that negotiated the Treaty of Brétigny in 1360, which ended the first phase of the Hundred Years' War. Richard's diplomatic skills were also evident in his dealings with the French during the later stages of the war.

Richard's first battles were a formative experience for him. He learned the importance of courage, loyalty, and discipline. He also developed a deep understanding of the art of war. These experiences would serve him well in his later career, when he became one of the most successful knights in English history.

This extract presents the opening three sections of the first chapter.

Discover the complete 10 chapters and 50 sections by purchasing the book, now available in various formats.

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